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MASSIVE DARKNESS 2 - RULES



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THE STORY SO FAR





In the decade following the Massive Darkness Invasion, the Lightbringers became more than an adventuring group. With the amassed treasure they acquired from defeating the Massive Darkness, they founded the Lightbringer Company, a guild of Heroes and adventurers, artists and researchers, warriors and diplomats. Their mission was to bring the world together, with strength of arms a last resort.

It has been ten years, and their mission has met with sterling success, in no small part thanks to patronage from the various churches, and the Empress of Crondar. The churches had quite notably failed to protect their flocks from the first Massive Darkness, and were eager to be seen doing something—anything—to regain the peoples' faith. Crondar had long championed the causes of justice and equality, and though they're a small nation, the capital sits astride the world's most heavily traveled waterway and highway. It is called 'Crossroads of the World' for a reason, and what better place to found the Lightbringer Company headquarters and their new initiative?

The Council of Crondar is a gathering of heads of state or their representatives from across the nations. Their goal was to foster peace and understanding, provide aid and outreach, and protect the civilized nations of the world from the marauders, monsters, and other predators beyond their borders that would destroy it all for the sake of chaos.

For a time, they were successful. Peace reigned, and for two shining years, no nation battled another for territory or resources, no warlords arose from bandit kingdoms, and even the monsters in the hinterlands seemed quelled.

Then the dreams began.

Wizards, warlocks, witches, and sorcerers... anyone and everyone with a talent for magic dreamed of the world tipping over into a gaping, hellish maw. Fire boiled the seas, ash choked the air, and every race from human to elf, dwarf to gnome, centaur to giant, burned.

This was no freakish event. This was no ripple in the aether. This was a premonition. A warning.

The Prime Realm as we know it is but one of many that drift through the multiversal aether. On occasion, these realms intersect, occupying the same space in a different phase. Essentially, natural portals open between the realms, often with catastrophic effect. Yet the conjunctions are rare, the intersections brief, and the portals last but a few days at most.

Until now.

Demons and angels pour through new rifts, battling anyone and anything that crosses their path. The Celestial Realm, home to all angelic and demonic beings has come to the Prime, and seems here to stay.

The Massive Darkness has returned.







Massive Darkness: Hellscape is a cooperative hack and slash dungeon-crawling game for 1–6 players, ages 14 and up, in which players take on the role of Lightbringers, the chosen Heroes specially trained to fight the growing Darkness. As a team, players agree on a quest to undertake. Each player chooses a Hero that has unique components and asymmetric gameplay.

Massive Darkness: Hellscape is a sequence to Massive Darkness. This time the intrepid Lightbringers will have to make their way into Hell itself in order to find the source of this return of the Darkness, now more intense than ever. Choose a quest, explore dungeons, fight monsters, gather your weapons, gear up, and end Darkness once and for all.



In *Massive Darkness: Hellscape* players choose one of the 10 available quests to play and must adventure through it until either the objective is complete or the Darkness has grown too strong. *Massive Darkness: Hellscape* is played over a series of game rounds, each composed by the following four phases::

♦ 1. HERO PHASE

Each player will take actions with their Hero, exploring the dungeon, fighting monsters, and trading items. The Hero Phase is explained on page XX.

♦ 2. ENEMY PHASE

This is the chance for monsters to fight back and defeat Heroes! The Enemy Phase is explained on page XX.

♦ 3. LEVEL UP PHASE

Players spend experience they gained, leveling up their Heroes, increasing their status, gathering new skills, and increasing the chance of finding better items. The Level Up Phase is explained on page XX.

🔶 4. DARKNESS PHASE

Darkness grows stronger, possibly bringing new monsters into the dungeon. The Darkness Phase is explained on page XX.

WINNING AND LOSING

In order to win the game players must achieve the objective described in the quest. When the winning condition is met, the game ends immediately with all players being victorious.

The players lose the game if any quest-specific losing condition is met, or if they need to spend a Lifebringer token and there are no Lifebringer tokens left.

WHY SO DARK?

Darkness is both a mysterious antagonist and an environmental ally, and it shows on the tiles. Darkness plays a major role in the game: sooner or later, even the heirs to the Lightbringers have to hide in the shadows to play deadly hide-and-seek with their dreadful foes.





SASIC CONCEPTS



There are five different types of dice, each designated by a different color.

- The blue defense dice are used by both Heroes and monsters when defending against attacks.
- When a Hero attacks from a Shadow Zone, they also get to roll the purple shadow die in addition to their usual attack dice. The shadow die provides the Hero with additional bonuses.
- The monster dice are only used by monsters.

DICE RESULTS

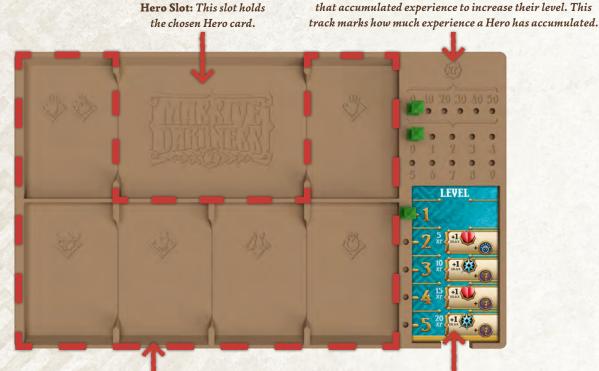
- Each 🗶 result is a point of damage dealt by an attack.
- Each 🏟 result restores 1 mana to the attacker.
- Each 🖉 result prevents 1 point of damage from an attack.
- The shadow die can generate a 🖓 result, which allows a Hero to trigger their shadow ability.
- The monster dice can generate a 🥢 result, which inflicts unblockable damage on Heroes.
- The monster dice can generate **&** results, which can trigger a monster's special ability.

Experience Track: Heroes gain experience by killing monsters and completing quest objectives, and they spend



HERO DASHBOARD

Each player has their own dashboard in which they will keep track of their Hero, experience, level, and all equipped items.



Items Slot: These are slots to hold the various items that Heroes may come across in their adventures. Only the items equipped on these slots are considered active. There are 6 slots: Head, Chest, Legs, Misc and 2 slots for Hands. The slot holds items that require both hands. Level Track: All Heroes begin a quest at level 1. When a Hero has accumulated enough experience to increase their level, that increase is marked with this track.

AH IN PROGRESS



Image: Here is the Hero's image, use this area to place health, mana, and condition tokens.

Class: Each Hero has a respective class that affects its gameplay and brings specific components into play. Check page XX for instructions on each class.



Name

ATACK: grore 1 % Charactic grore 1 % Standow Model Standow Mod **Special Ability:** Each Hero has a unique Hero ability described here.

Shadow Ability: Each Hero has a powerful shadow ability that may be triggered only when the Hero is in Shadow Mode (see Shadow Mode on page XX).

Starting Status: The Hero's starting maximum health and mana. A Hero may never have more health or mana than their maximums, but these maximums can increase as the Hero levels up.

> Hero Class: Each Hero class has its own set of skill cards.

Hero Level Requirement: Every skill has a minimum Hero level requirement. If a Hero's level is lower than the level listed on the skill, that skill cannot be used by that Hero.

♦ SKILL CARD

Skill Name: If a skill name includes a Roman numeral, it is a ranked skill that can be improved as a Hero levels up. In the example shown, the berserker Hero can choose Fatal Fury I, then later (when they are at least Hero level 3), they can upgrade the skill to Fatal Fury II. Heroes can only acquire higher ranks of a skill when they have the previous ranks.



Effect: The skill's effect is described here. Each skill can only be used once per Hero action.

♦ TREASURE BAG

Throughout their adventures, the Heroes will find a variety of items including magical weapons, armor, potions, and more, which are collectively referred to as treasure. Each time the game or quest rules instruct players to add Treasure tokens to the game tiles or to a monster card, the players randomly draw the specified number of Treasure tokens from the Treasure bag and place them where instructed.

There are 3 rarity levels of treasure in *Massive Darkness: Hellscape*, each represented by Treasure tokens:

- Common treasure is the most prevalent and, while useful, is generally the least valuable to the Heroes.
- Rare treasure is much harder to find than common treasure and tends to reward Heroes with impressive items.
- Epic treasure is very special and includes items of amazing power.



Whenever a player collects a Treasure token, they draw a card from the corresponding deck of item cards, and the Treasure token is returned to the Treasure bag.

As Heroes level up, the rules will instruct players to change the composition of Treasure tokens in the Treasure bag, increasing the chances of Heroes finding more powerful treasure.







Item Name



ATTACK:

Background Color: The background color of an item card indicates its rarity and sometimes its usability:

- Beige cards are starting items.
- Green cards are common items.
- · Blue cards are rare items.
- Purple cards are epic items.
- Gray cards are consumable items (see page XX). Special background colors indicate set items, which grant a Hero special abilities when multiple items from the same set are equipped at the same time (see page XX).
- Ability: If an item has a special effect, it is described here.

Attack or Defending dice: Many items add dice to a Hero's pool, and they are displayed here as icons in the color matching the type of dice added. Weapons usually add attack dice, while armor usually adds defense dice.

Item cards are divided into seven different decks. and the back of each item card shows which deck it belongs to. There is a deck of starting equipments, 1 deck for each rarity level of treasure, and 3 decks for different levels of mob monsters, which are attached to mobs and can be collected as reward for killing them.

as consumables, do not need to be equipped and

do not take up slots on a Hero's dashboard.



MONSTER CARDS

As they quest into the depths of the dungeon, the Heroes will face 3 types of monsters: mobs, roaming monsters, and bosses. Mobs are groups of creatures consisting of a leader and one or more minions.

Mob Name

Roaming monsters are strong enemies that roam the dungeons by themselves. Bosses have unique abilities and are frequently connected to the objective of a quest.

MOBS

Reward: The quantity of Treasure tokens that will be drawn from the Treasure bag and placed on the mob card when spawned. Treasure on Mob cards is gathered by the Hero who kills the last miniature in the mob.

Defense: These icons represent the quantity and color of defense dice a mob adds to the roll when it is defending against an attack.

Background Color Level: Mobs increase in power as the Dungeon Level gets higher. This range shows the Dungeon Levels in which this mob card is used.



Health: This is the amount of health for each miniature in the mob, including the leader.

Image: The image shows the illustration of the mob leader on the left and the mob minion on the right, and corresponds to the miniatures placed when a mob spawns.

Special Ability: Most mobs have a special ability that can be triggered by certain results on monster dice. See "Combat" on page XX.



ROAMING MONSTERS

Reward: The quantity of Treasure tokens that will be drawn from the Treasure bag and placed on the Roaming monster card when spawned. Treasure on Roaming monster cards is gathered by the Hero who kills it.

Activation Pattern: Each roaming monster has its own set of rules that describe how it activates.

Special Ability: Each roaming monster has a special ability that can be triggered by certain results on the monster dice.

Background Color Level: Roaming monsters increase in power as the Dungeon Level increases. This range shows the Dungeon Levels in which this Roaming monster card is used.



• If Andras is NOT on the Dungeon: Place Andras in a Zone adjacent to the Hero with the lowest Health. Then, Andras attacks that Hero.

• If Andras IS on the Dungeon: Andras attacks the Hero with lowest Health in Range. Then, remove Andras from the Dungeon.

E : Deal 1 Wound to the Hero with lowest Health in Range.

BOSSES

Roaming Monster Name

Health: A roaming monster's total health is based on the number of Heroes in the game.

Image: Each roaming monster has a miniature that matches the image displayed on its card.

> Attack and Defense Dice: The quantity and color of dice the roaming monster rolls for attack and defense.

Passive Abilities: Each Boss has special abilities that are always in effect and often inform effects that are connected to the Boss track. Health: A Boss's total health is based on the number of Heroes in the game.

Image: Each Boss has a miniature that matches the image displayed on its card.

Actions: This is the amount of actions that the Boss takes during the Enemy Phase.



Attack and Defense Dice: The quantity and color of dice the roaming monster rolls for attack and defense.

Special Abilities: Each Boss has a number of special abilities that can be triggered by certain results on the monster dice.

Activation Dice: This is the amount of Monster dice that the Boss rolls for each action. Boss Track: This track replaces the Darkness track once combat with the Boss begins, and advances with each Darkness phase, usually making the Boss grow in power.









Tiles: Each game tile, (or simply "tile") is a large board divided into nine smaller squares called Zones.

Spawn Points: Most chambers contain one or more spawn points, which can be either monster spawn points 💮 or treasure spawn points (). When a chamber is first revealed, monster miniatures and Treasure tokens are placed in the Zones marked with these spawn point icons. If a spawn point icon is white and doesn't have a golden border, the monsters or loot are placed during the scenario setup.

Special Zones: Some Zones contain a special feature, such as a trap that might deal damage to Heroes, a pillar that blocks Line of Sight, or a chest full of valuable loot. Special Zones are described on page XX.

Chambers: A chamber is a group of Zones on a tile that is surrounded on all sides by walls. Most chambers are 2 or 3 Zones in size, but they can be larger. Heroes and monsters can enter chambers through doors, which are marked with Door tokens. Door tokens are placed during the setup of a scenario.



Corridors: Every Zone on a tile that is not part of a chamber is considered a corridor. There are no special rules for corridors.

Chests: Some Zones contain chests where Heroes can find valuable treasure by interacting with the chest. After a Hero interacts with a chest, it is covered with a Disabled token and cannot be interacted with again for the rest of the scenario.

Zones: Each of the nine squares in a game tile is a Zone. The artwork in each Zone depicts either light or darkness. Zones with a dark appearance are Shadow Zones, and a Hero standing in a Shadow Zone is considered to be in Shadow Mode, which provides them with additional abilities (see page XX). There is no limit to the number of miniatures that occupy a Zone at the same time.

DOOR CARDS















Leach player chooses a Hero and takes the corresponding Hero card and miniature. Take a plastic Hero dashboard and place your Hero card in the Hero card slot. Take the plastic base in the color of your choice and attach it to your Hero miniature. Take a Level token and slot it into the Level slot on the dashboard. Take the set of pegs in the same color as your miniature base and insert one peg into the "0" decimal spot and one on the "0" numeral spot on the experience track of your dashboard, and the other peg in the "1" spot on the level track. Take an Activation token and set it near your Hero dashboard. Finally, gather all other components specific to your Hero's class (see page XX).

2. Each player chooses a level 1 skill card from their class and places it next to their dashboard (some Classes require that these cards are placed in specific slots). Set aside the other skill cards; they can be acquired later during a Level Up Phase.



3. Place Health tokens and Mana tokens equal to the number shown on each Hero card in the Hero's image on their card.



Place all starting item cards faceup on the table. Each Hero may choose 1 starting weapon, 1 starting armor, and 1 potion (either health or mana). Place your chosen weapon and armor on the appropriate slots of your Hero dashboard. Place your chosen potion next to your dashboard.









Place the 2 Lifebringer tokens faceup on the table within reach of all players.



6. Sort the Mob monster cards into separate decks according to their card backs, and shuffle each deck.



8 Sort the Item cards into separate decks according to their card backs (common, rare and, epic), and shuffle each deck.



9. Sort the Monster item cards into separate decks according to their card backs (Levels 1-2, Levels 3-4, and Level 5), and shuffle each deck.

STER ITEN

LEVEL 3

7. Sort the Roaming monster cards into separate decks according to their card backs, and shuffle each deck.



O. Shuffle the Door cards into a facedown deck.



DHSTER ITEM Level 5





11. Place all monster miniatures to the side of the game area.

12. As a group, the players select a quest to play (see pages XX-XX). Arrange the game tiles on the playing surface for the chosen quest according to the quest's instructions.

13. Place doors and other tokens as instructed by the chosen quest.

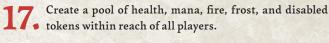


14. Draw a card from the Level 1-2 mob deck for each white spawn point shown on the game tiles and place the corresponding mob miniatures: one leader miniature plus a number of minions equal to the number of Heroes.

15. Draw a card from the Levels 1-2 Monster item deck and place it under each Mob card just spawned, so that only bottom part of the Monster Item is revealed.

16. Place all Hero miniatures in the starting Zone as shown in the quest.







18. Take all Treasure tokens, place them inside the Treasure bag and shuffle them. Check the chosen quest to see the amount of Treasure tokens and place that quantity inside the Treasure bag. Keep any remaining next to the playing area.











Massive Darkness: Hellscape is played in a series of rounds. Each round is comprised of four phases:

- **1 HERO PHASE**
- 2 ENEMY PHASE
- **3 LEVEL UP PHASE**
- **4 DARKNESS PHASE**

🔷 1. HERO PHASE

In the Hero Phase, the Heroes take actions to fight monsters, move through the dungeon, gain items, and complete quest objectives.

The players collectively decide the order in which the Heroes activate. When a Hero activates, they perform 3 actions of their choice, then flip their activation token to show they have already activated for that round. The Hero Phase ends once all Heroes have been activated. When activated, a Hero may perform 3 actions in any combination. The available actions are:

- Movement
- Combat
- Trade and Equip
- Special Action

MOVEMENT ACTION

When a Hero performs a movement action, they gain 2 movement points (MP). Each movement point can be used to do one of the following:

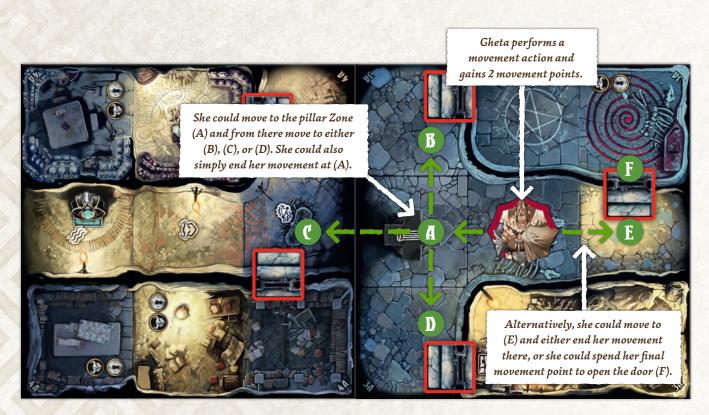
- Move to an adjacent Zone
- Open a door in their current Zone
- · Interact with objects in their current Zone

MOVING TO AN ADJACENT ZONE

A Hero must spend 1 movement point to move their miniature to an adjacent Zone. Heroes cannot move through walls or closed doors, and they cannot move diagonally. If there are monsters in a Hero's current Zone, that Hero must discard 1 Health per enemy miniature before moving out of it.

Some Special Zones trigger when a Hero moves into it. See "Special Zones" on page XX.

A Zone may hold any number of miniatures.









OPENING A DOOR

Chambers and corridors are connected with doors, which are represented by Door tokens. At the start of each quest, all doors are considered closed, and Heroes and monsters cannot move through closed doors. Closed doors also block line of sight.





Closed doors are marked with a token that looks like this.

Open doors are marked with a token that looks like this.

A Hero standing in a Zone with a closed Door token may spend 1 movement point to open the door by flipping the Door token to its open side. If this is the first time a door to the chamber has been opened, the chamber is **revealed**.

REVEALING A CHAMBER

When a chamber is revealed, draw a Door card and the following steps in order:

- 1 Resolve event (if any)
- 2 Spawn monsters
- 3 Place treasure

Resolve Event: Some Door cards have an event that resolves before monsters have been spawned and Treasure tokens placed.

After resolving the Door card, discard it. If the Hero has any more movement points to spend, they may use them after the Door card is resolved. If there are no Door cards left to draw, shuffle the discarded Door cards to form a new deck.

Spawn Monsters: Draw a card from the Mob deck that corresponds to the Dungeon Level (see Dungeon Level on page XX) and place the corresponding Mob miniatures on the spawn Zone: one Leader miniature plus a number of minions equal to the number of Heroes in the game. Draw Treasure tokens from the Treasure bag as listed on the mob card and place them on the Mob card. Mobs fight as a group using items they found in the dungeon: draw 1 card from the Monster Item deck that corresponds to the Dungeon Level and place it under the Mob card so that only bottom part of the Monster Item is revealed. The Mob leader is the monster considered to be holding the monster item.

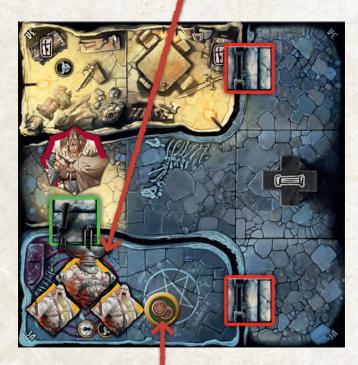
When spawning a mob, if the mob card that's drawn is for a type of mob that is already in play in the dungeon, do not spawn another mob of that type. Instead, discard the drawn card and immediately activate the mob in play as if it were the Enemy Phase. If there are 2 in the same Zone, 2 spawns take place in that Zone.

Place Treasure: For each (1) in the revealed chamber, draw a Treasure token from the Treasure bag place them in the Zone with the (1). Heroes may pick up those items by interacting with the Zone (at the cost of 1 MP).



Then, they draw 1 card from the Monster Item deck Levels 1-2 and places it under the Undead Mob card. JORK IN PROGRES

Since there are 2 Heroes in this game, the player places 1 Undead leader miniature and 2 Undead minion miniatures in the revealed chamber's spawn Zone, then add 1 minion because of the revealed event.



Next, they draw 1 Treasure token from the Treasure Bag and place it in the Zone marked with the ①.

INTERACTING WITH A ZONE

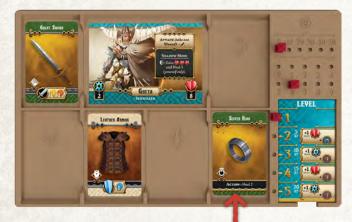
Many Zones feature objects that Heroes can choose to interact with. Examples include opening a chest, drinking from a fountain, or picking up items. A Hero can interact with everything in their current Zone by spending 1 movement point during a movement action.

If a Hero interacts with a Zone that contains one or more Treasure tokens, they pick up the treasure. Draw 1 item card from the item deck that matches each item token (common, rare, or epic). Keep the cards and return the item tokens to the Treasure bag. When a Hero picks up items, they may immediately equip them in the corresponding slots of their Hero dashboard. Any items that are not equipped are inactive and considered to be in the Hero's backpack and placed to the side of their Hero dashboard.

If there are other Heroes in the same Zone when a Hero picks up items, they may give some or all of those items to another Hero who may then immediately equip them. Some Special Zones have abilities that trigger when a Hero interacts with the Zone. See "Special Zones" on page XX. Some quests require Heroes to collect objective tokens, and these can be picked up when a Hero interacts with a Zone. Each quest describes the specific effects and purpose of objective tokens.

Important: When a Hero interacts with a Zone, they interact with everything in that Zone.





She draws 1 card from the common item deck and gets a "Silver Ring"—a very useful item! Gheta immediately equips the ring, then she returns the Treasure token to the Treasure bag. Gheta still has 1 movement point remaining, so she can now continue her movement action.





COMBAT ACTION

The dungeon is inhabited by all sorts of horrible monsters, and they are all hell-bent on ruining the Heroes' day. Because of this, Heroes need to perform lots of combat actions. Monsters can't be reasoned with—they must be killed!

The Hero performing the combat action is the **attacker** and their target is the **defender**. To perform a combat action, a Hero needs a weapon and a target. Each weapon has an attack type (some weapons have two attack types). There are 3 type of attacks:

- Melee i attacks must be performed at close range. The attacker and the defender must both be in the same Zone.
- Magic 2 attacks have a small amount of range. The attacker can be in the same Zone as the defender, or 1 Zone away. If the defender is 1 Zone away, the attacker must also have Line of Sight (explained below).
- Ranged attacks have unlimited range: the attacker can be any number of Zones away from the defender, but the attacker must have Line of Sight. Furthermore, ranged attacks cannot be performed against targets in the same Zone as the attacker.

Like movement, attacks in *Massive Darkness: Hellscape* are orthogonal. A Hero can never attack diagonally.

Feydra is using a ranged weapon and has Line of Sight to every Zone marked with a green line. She can therefore attack either the Infernal Imp mob or the Skeleton mob. She cannot attack the Gargoyle mob because the pillar blocks her Line of Sight.

LINE OF SIGHT

Ranged and magic attacks must have Line of Sight to their targets. An attacker has Line of Sight to a defender as long as there are no walls, closed doors, or pillars between the attacker and the defender. Other heroes and monsters **do not block** Line of Sight.



Gheta also has line of sight to the Infernal Imp mob, but she is using a melee weapon and can only attack the Skeleton mob in her Zone.



Mathrin is using a weapon with a magic attack and has Line of Sight to all the Zones marked with a blue line. Mathrin can attack the Infernal Imp mob, but the Skeleton mob is out of range (more than 1 Zone away).





Assembling the Dice Pool

After the attacking Hero has determined their target is within range and there is a Line of Sight, it's time to assemble the dice pool and resolve the attack. To assemble the dice pool, perform the following steps:

- 1 Gather the quantity and color of dice shown on the attacker's weapon and add them to the pool. Note that some weapons have more than one attack type (ranged and melee, for example), so be sure to gather dice for the correct attack type. If the Hero is using 1 weapon of the same attack type in each hand slot, add together their dice.
- 2 If the attacking Hero is in Shadow Mode, add the shadow die to the pool.
- 3 Gather all of the defender's defense dice and add them to the pool. If the defender is a Mob, add 1 monster die for each minion in the mob.
- 4 Gather any relevant bonus dice and add them to the pool. Some skills, Hero abilities, or items might add attack dice in certain situations. There will also be a second opportunity to add bonus dice after the initial attack roll, so it can be wise to save some bonuses for later.



Gheta is attacking a skeleton mob (with 1 leader and 2 minions) with her great sword. She is not in Shadow Mode, so she does not get to use the shadow die, but her weapon gives her 1 yellow attack die and 1 orange attack die.

The Skeletons defend with 1 blue die and 2 monster dice (1 for each minion).



Gheta also decides to use her Fatal Fury skill and spends 1 of her class tokens to add 1 more orange die to the pool.

MASSIVE DARKNESS 2 - RULES



The final dice pool looks like this.

Resolving the attack

After the dice pool has been assembled, the attack is resolved by performing the following steps, in order:

- 1 Roll all dice in the dice pool together
- 2 Reroll and add dice
- 3 Resolve combat effects that require mana
- 4 Resolve dice:
 - Gain mana
 - Resolve monster icon effects
 - Retaliation
 - Deal Wounds to the defender
 - Trigger Shadow Ability
- Roll all dice in the dice pool: Take all attack dice from the attacker and defense dice from the defender and roll them together. Remember to include the shadow die if the attacker is in Shadow Mode.
- Reroll and Add Dice: If the attacker has any effects that let them reroll dice, they must be used now. Each C allows the attacker to reroll any one die that was rolled. If the attacker has multiple C they can be used one at a time. If the attacker has any skills that add bonus attack dice, they can be activated now. Added dice are simply rolled and included in the final results. C effects can be used on dice added during this step.
- Resolve Combat Abilities: Some combat abilities provide bonuses such as granting additional 🖌 results. Any such abilities must be activated now.
- **Resolve Dice:** After all dice have been added, rolled, and rerolled as needed, all dice results are totaled and their respective effects applied. Resolve dice results in the following order:
 - Gain Mana: Each (*) rolled allows the attacking Hero to replenish 1 mana token. Heroes can never carry more mana than their maximum.
 - Resolve Monster Icon Effects: Most monsters have an ability that triggers when & are rolled. Some effects require need more than 1 & . Resolve the effect listed on the monster card as many times as possible based on the number of & rolled.
 - Retaliation: The monsters now retaliate! For each /// rolled, the attacking Hero takes one damage.
 - Deal Wounds to the Enemy: Players count the amount of versus the amount of defending . Each defending blocks one . The defender takes 1 Wound for each unblocked (place 1 Health token next to the miniature for each Wound it suffered).
 - Trigger Shadow Ability: If the shadow die was rolled and generated a , the attacking Hero may trigger their shadow ability on their Hero card.

If a miniature takes Wounds equal to its health, the miniature has been killed and it is removed from the map. For each miniature killed, the attacking Hero gains 1 experience. If the killed miniature is a mob leader or a roaming monster all **Heroes** gain additional experience: 2 for Leaders and 4 for Roaming monsters.



ROGRE

When attacking mobs, treat all miniatures from the same mob as one defender. If the attack results in more Wounds than one mob miniature's health, kill 1 miniature then continue to add Wounds to the next miniature, and so forth until all Wounds have been assigned. Minions always protect their leader; the mob leader can only take Wounds after all minions in its mob have been killed.

When Heroes kill a mob leader, or a roaming monster, the Hero who dealt the killing blow checks the Treasure tokens on the Monster card and draws an item card from the item deck that matches each Treasure token (common, rare, or epic). The killing Hero keeps the cards and returns the Treasure tokens to the Treasure bag. If a mob leader was killed, the Hero also gets the item the mob leader was carrying. Discard the monster card.

After resolving the attack, the combat action ends, regardless if the enemy was killed or not.

Important: A Hero does not need to be in the same Zone as the monster to get its item and rewards. Just like when picking up items, the Hero who just received the item may immediately equip or give to an ally in the same Zone.

After resolving the attack the combat action ends, regardless if the enemy was killed or not.



Gheta attacks a mob of skeletons and gets the dice results shown above—a good roll!



The skeleton mob got 1 C, but their ability requires them to have 2, so that ability doesn't trigger. The skeleton mob also got 1 d and Gheta doesn't have a way to block it, so she takes 1 Wound. She doesn't have any abilities that can add more dice to this attack, but she chooses to trigger her Hero ability which gives her +1 🖌 and deals her 1 Wound. Then, she totals up the results of her dice. She has 1 🛞 icon that would allow her to replenish 1 mana token, but she is already at her maximum mana, so she doesn't gain any more.





Finally, Gheta totals up all her \checkmark , she has 7 (six from her dice and 1 from her Hero ability), and subtracts the skeleton mob's 1 . Gheta therefore deals 6 Wounds to the mob. The mob has 2 minions, plus the leader, and each miniature has 2 Health. Gheta applies 2 Wounds to each minion, killing them, then applies the final 2 Wounds to the mob leader, killing it.



Gheta receives a total of 5 experience (3 for each miniature killed, and 2 additional for the mob leader). Each of Gheta's allies also receives 2 experience.



TRADE AND EQUIP ACTION

By spending 1 action a Hero may activate their Zone for trading. All Heroes standing in the trading Zone may freely trade and equip items. Any items not equipped are considered to be in the Hero's backpack and set aside near the Hero's dashboard.

If the Heroes in a Zone simply want to equip items from their backpacks without trading, one Hero in the Zone must still perform a Trade and Equip action.



SET ITEMS



Items denoted with the word 'Set' are part of a magical set of gear. Each part of a set has a shared word noted on its front, such as "Leg Armor / Shadowbane Set". Set items can be equipped individually like any other item, but the true power of a set comes from equipping multiple pieces of the set at the same time. If a Hero manages to find a complete set, they will wield power the gods themselves will envy. When a Hero has at least 2 set items from the same set equipped, they receive a special Hero card for their specific class and can use that card's minor power for as long as the Hero keeps 2 set items equipped. If a Hero completes the set (usually four items) they gain access to the greater power listed on the special Hero card. If a Hero at any time decides to remove a set item, they lose access to the greater set power.

SPECIAL ACTIONS

Some skills, abilities and items provide additional actions for the Heroes. If a card has [Action] written on it, it means the Hero may spend one of their actions to trigger the respective effect.

During his turn, Mathrin spends 1 of his 3 actions to use the ability printed on his Hero card that lets him gain 3 mana.





CONSUMABLE ITEMS



Consumable items, such as potions, are denoted by the gray background color on their cards. They are not placed in item slots but are instead placed next to the Hero dashboard. Using a consumable item is a free action, and the item card is afterward discarded.



🔷 2. ENEMY PHASE

After all Heroes have taken one turn by executing 3 actions, the Hero Phase ends. All players flip back their activation tokens it's time for Monsters to get their revenge!

Each mob and roaming monster in the Dungeon activates separately. The players choose the order of monster activations. Note that mobs and roaming monsters behave differently, so they are explained below in their own sections.

MOB ACTIVATION

Each time a mob activates, it performs 2 actions. For each action, it will attack a target within its range if possible. If it cannot attack, it will move.

Мов Аттаск

Mobs try to attack Heroes and will always do this if possible. The mob targets the Hero within its attack range (and within its Line of Sight if the mob uses a ranged attack). If the mob has multiple targets available, it will choose the Hero with the most XP: the Hero of highest Level with the most unspent experience. If multiple targets are of the same Hero level and have the same amount of unspent experience, the players decide which of those Heroes is attacked.

Mobs carry weapons, as shown by the monster item card attached to them, which determines the attack type (melee, ranged, or magic) and type of dice rolled. Many mob weapons have more than one attack type (for example, a melee attack and a ranged attack), and the mob will always use the most effective attack for its current range. Melee attacks require the mob to be in the same Zone as the target Hero; magic attacks require the mob to be in the same Zone, or an adjacent Zone to the target Hero; ranged attacks require the mob to have Line of Sight to the target Hero and to not be in the same Zone as the target Hero.

All miniatures in a mob attack as a group. To resolve a mob attack, do the following steps in order:

- 1 Determine the type of attack based on the mob's weapon card (melee, magic, or ranged) and gather the necessary dice shown on the weapon card.
- 2 Gather 1 monster die for each minion in the mob.
- 3 Gather the Hero's defense dice.
- 4 Roll all gathered dice simultaneously.
- 5 Trigger monster abilities if the required & were rolled. Some effects require need more than 1 🎉. Resolve the effect listed on the monster card as many times as possible based on the number of 🖉 rolled.
- 6-Deal Wounds. The targeted Hero suffers an amount of Wounds equal to the number of 🗶 rolled, minus the number of \bigcirc rolled. /// icons deal damage that cannot be blocked. Discard 1 Health token for each Wound suffered.



an Undead Mob is in the same Zone as Gheta - they attack her!





her leather vest is added and the dice are rolled:

Gheta's 1 Blue die from

They gather their attack dice: 1 yellow and 1 orange plus 2 monster dice (1 per minion). Even if they are in a Shadow Zone, monsters do not roll the shadow die.



1 was rolled, so the Undead Mob's special effect is triggered, adding another yellow die to the pool.

Fortunately for Gheta, this yellow die results in The Undead deal Gheta 2 Wounds: she blocked 2 out of 3 incoming X, and the // deals 1 Wound that can't be blocked. The rolled 🎲 has no effects for attacking monsters.





MOB MOVEMENT

Mobs don't get movement points and can only move to one adjacent Zone per action. When a mob moves, it always moves toward the Hero with the most XP. If all Heroes are the same level, it will move toward the Hero with the most unspent experience. If there is still no clear direction for the mob's movement, the players decide which Hero the mob moves toward.

Mobs cannot open doors or interact with objects, and they do not trigger traps. Remember that a mob will never move away from a Hero it can attack.

ROAMING MONSTER ACTIVATION

Roaming monsters are powerful enemies with unique abilities. When they activate, they follow a set of instructions listed on their cards. First, check the first condition, and if it is met, execute the first effect, then end the roaming monster's activation. Otherwise, check the second condition, and if it is met, execute the second effect, then end the roaming monster's activation.

In case both conditions are not met, the roaming monsters activates like a normal mob.

Roaming monsters attacks resolve the same as a mob attack except that roaming monsters don't use Monster item cards. Instead, their full attack dice pool is printed on their cards.

After all monsters have activated, the Enemy Phase ends.

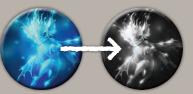


• If there is more than one Hero in Range: Undead Queen attacks each Hero in Range (resolve each attack separately).

• If there's only one Hero in Range: Undead Queen attacks that hero with +

🕼 : Add 1 Minion to each Mob, if possible.

KNOCKED OUT



When a Hero has suffered so many Wounds that they have no Health tokens remaining, they are knocked out. Tip their miniature on its side. At the start of each round, if a Hero is knocked out, the players must spend a Lifebringer token by flipping it to its spent side to revive the knocked out Hero (doing so does not cost an action). The Hero stands back up with full health and mana and can continue the quest normally. However, if there are no Lifebringer tokens remaining when the Heroes need to spend one, the quest ends immediately and the players lose.

A knocked-out Hero cannot perform any actions or be targeted by enemy attacks or abilities until they are revived the following round.





♦ 3. LEVEL UP PHASE



During the Level Up Phase, Heroes may spend their accumulated experience (XP) to increase their level. The amount of XP required to level up increases, as shown below and on the Hero dashboard:

- Increasing from level 1 to level 2 requires spending 5 XP
- Increasing from level 2 to level 3 requires spending 10 XP
- Increasing from level 3 to level 4 requires spending 15 XP
- Increasing from level 4 to level 5 requires spending 20 XP

When your Hero levels up, perform the following steps, in order:

- 1 Decrease your total accumulated XP by the amount required to increase your level (see above).
- 2 Move the Level peg on your Hero dashboard to the next higher level.
- 3 Increase your maximum mana or health as indicated on your Hero dashboard and gain the equivalent amount of Mana or Health tokens from the supply.
- 4 Add the quantity and type of Treasure tokens to the Treasure bag as specified on the Level token.
- 5 Gain a new skill.

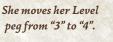
GAINING SKILLS

Each time a Hero levels up, they receive a new skill, which is chosen from their available class skills. The new skill must have a level requirement equal to or less than the Hero's new level.

Many skills are ranked, which means they can increase in power as the Hero increases in level. Ranked skills have Roman numerals in their names, such as the Rogue's "Disable I," and "Disable II." Ranked skills must be acquired in order, and each higher ranked skill replaces the previous ranked skill.

During the Level Up Phase, Feydra has 17 XP, which is enough to increase her level from 3 to 4. She spends the required 15 XP and reduces her to total XP to "2".





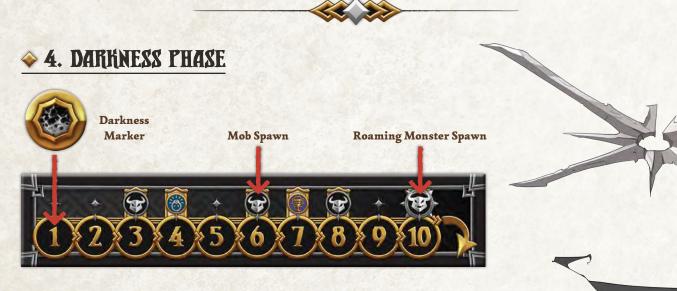
Level 4 increases her maximum health by 1, and she immediately receives 1 Health token from the supply...



... and takes an Epic Treasure from the pool and adds to the Treasure bag. Finally, she gains a skill and chooses to upgrade her "Disable I" skill to "Disable II".







The menace inside the dungeon increases each round. If the Heroes don't achieve the objectives of their quest, they will eventually be overwhelmed by the forces of evil.

Every Darkness Phase advances the Darkness Track by 1 space. If the track reaches a , spawn a mob at each Zone that has a portal token by drawing a mob card that corresponds to the current Dungeon Level (see Dungeon Level on page XX). If the Darkness Track reaches a , spawn a roaming monster at each Zone with a portal by drawing a roaming monster card that corresponds to the current Dungeon Level. Draw Treasure tokens from the Treasure bag as listed on the Mob or Roaming monster card and place them on the monster card, then place the corresponding monster miniature(s) on the Zone with the portal.



After round 10, flip the Darkness track to its backside and place the Darkness marker on the first space. The Darkness track remains on this side for the remainder of the game, spawning a Roaming monster every 3 rounds.

When spawning a mob, if the card drawn shows a type of mob that is already in play in the dungeon, do not spawn another mob of that type. Instead, immediately activate that mob as if it were the Enemy Phase. If a mob or roaming monster needs to be spawned, but there are no cards remaining in the deck of that monster type, immediately activate all monsters of that type as if it were the Enemy Phase.





ADDITIONAL RULES SHADOW MODE

Any miniature standing in a Shadow Zone is considered to be in Shadow Mode. Some Hero skills and abilities can only be used when in Shadow Mode. Additionally, being in Shadow Mode presents an advantage for Heroes.

DUNGEON LEVEL

The Dungeon Level influences the types of monsters and items that spawn during a quest. The Dungeon Level is equal to the level of the most experienced Hero. For example, if 3 Heroes are each level 2, and a fourth Hero is level 3, the Dungeon Level is 3.

THE REAPER

BOSSES

Bosses are very unique enemies that can be featured in some Quests (in those, killing them usually is the winning condition). Once all Heroes have moved into the Boss Chamber, all other Tiles can be removed, leaving only the Tiles that form the Boss Chamber. When this happens, all Heroes recover all Wounds and Mana to their maximum.

Quests with Bosses have particular rules that must be observed. During the Enemy Phase, for each Action that the Boss has, roll their Activation dice (a number of monster dice listed on its dashboard). Bosses have a list of Special abilities that trigger when \checkmark and \checkmark are rolled. Some effects require more than 1 result. Resolve the effects that require the most \checkmark and \checkmark whenever possible. If there are both \checkmark and \checkmark results, the Boss resolves the ability that requires the most results of each. During the Darkness Phase, increase the Boss Track by 1

During the Darkness Phase, increase the Boss Irack by I instead of the Darkness Track. Effects on the Boss dashboard are triggered as soon as the marker reaches its space.









Heroes, monsters, items, and skills can all feature special abilities with a variety of game effects. These abilities all have some common formatting to make them easier to understand. The basic format is as follows:

[Timing Condition] [Cost or Requirement]: [Effect]

Some abilities have timing conditions, others do not. Most abilities have some kind of cost, such as spending (*) or certain dice results. The most common timing conditions, costs, requirements, and effects are described below.

Important: Unless otherwise specified, an ability can only be triggered once per action. Heroes can only trigger abilities with costs or requirements during their turn.

TIMING CONDITIONS

Attack: The ability can only be triggered when the Hero or monster is attacking.

Defense: The ability can only be triggered when a Hero or monster is defending.

Combat: The ability can be triggered either when the Hero or monster is attacking or when they are defending.

Movement: The ability can only be triggered when a Hero or monster is performing a movement action.

Shadow: The ability can only be triggered when the Hero or monster is in Shadow Mode.

COSTS OR REQUIREMENTS

Action: The Hero must spend one of their actions to trigger the ability.

(*): The Hero must spend a number of their Mana tokens equal to the number of (*) shown to trigger the ability.

: The Hero must take a number of Wounds equal to the number of shown to trigger the ability.

Wounded X: In order to trigger this ability, the Hero must currently be suffering at least X Wounds.

Dual Wield: This ability can only be triggered when a Hero is wielding 2 one-handed weapons of the same type (melee, magic, or ranged).

Already Attacked: This ability can only be triggered if it is not the Hero's or monster's first attack this round.

E: The mob or roaming monster must have this many of **E** in their dice results to trigger the ability.

EFFECTS

- •+ 🖌 adds a number of 🖌 results to the Hero's or monster's total for the attack.
- •+ Adds a number of Aresults to the Hero's or monster's total for the defense.
- + (*) restores the number of Mana tokens shown to the Hero, up to their maximum.
- + 😡 🌑 🜑 adds the quantity and type of dice shown to the Hero's or monster's dice pool.
- + 🕜 add a Fire token next to the target's miniature.
- + 💥 add a Frost token next to the target's miniature.
- C allows the Hero or monster to re-roll a number of rolled dice equal to the number of re-roll symbols shown.
- + X MP gives the Hero additional movement points when they perform a movement action.
- •- 🖌 removes a number of 🖌 results from the Hero's or monster's total for the attack.
- •-O removes a number of O results from the Hero's or monster's total for the defense.
- removes a number of Monster dice from the monster's total for the attack.
- Heal X removes the specified number of Wounds from the Hero or monster.
- Taunt makes all monsters treat the taunting Hero as if they had the most XP until the start of the next round.
- Charge: Spend 1 Combat Action with the Hero. Moves 1 or 2 Zones to a Zone containing at least 1 enemy, then performs a free Melee Action.
- (once per round) means the ability can only be triggered once each round instead of the normal once per action.

FIRE AND FROST TOKENS

Some abilities and attacks place Fire or Frost tokens on a target miniature.

Fire: As soon as this miniature activates, roll 1 \bigcirc for each Fire token on it. The miniature suffers 1 Wound for each \checkmark result. Then, remove the Fire tokens.



Frost: Whenever a Hero or Mob miniature would perform an action, remove a Frost token from it instead. Important: roaming monsters and Bosses cannot receive Frost Tokens.





SPECIAL ZONES

Some Zones have unique terrain, objects, or traps, and these are collectively referred to as Special Zones.



SPIKE TRAP

A spike trap is marked with (1). When a Hero moves into a Zone with a spike trap, they immediately roll 1 and suffer 1 Wound for each for rolled.

Spike traps have no effect on monsters.

If an effect disables a spike trap, place a Disabled token over the the traps without disabled spike traps without suffering any damage.



BEAR TRAP

A bear trap is marked with a 5. When a Heroes moves into a Zone with a bear trap, they immediately roll 1 \bigcirc . If they roll a (5), they lose 1 action.

Bear traps have no effect on monsters.

If an effect disables a bear trap, place a Disabled token over the x. Heroes can move through disabled bear traps without suffering any penalty.



PILLAR

Pillars are marked with a . Pillars block Line of Sight for any ranged or magic attack that passes into or through the pillar Zone.



FOUNTAIN

Fountains are marked with a A Hero in a fountain Zone has access to a special action: "[Action]: Heal 4."



CHESTS

Some Zones have one or more chest icons where Heroes can find valuable loot. A represents a normal chest, and a represents a special chest.

When a Hero interacts with a Zone containing one or more chests, they do the following:

ET: Draw 2 Treasure tokens from the Treasure bag and choose 1. Draw 1 item card corresponding to the chosen token and keep it, then return the 2 Treasure tokens to the Treasure bag.

: Draw 3 Treasure tokens from the Treasure bag and choose 2. Draw 1 item card corresponding to each chosen Treasure token and keep them, then return all 3 Treasure tokens to the Treasure bag.

After a Hero has interacted with the chests in their Zone, place a Disabled token on the Zone. Those chests cannot be interacted with again.

ABYSS



Some Zones do not show ground: these are abyss Zones. Abyss Zones are impassible; Heroes and monsters cannot enter abyss Zones.

FORGE



During the setup of some Quests, one or more Forge tokens may be placed in certain Zones, which designate them as Forge Zones. A Hero can interact with a forge Zone to discard any 3 of their items, then they draw 1 item card that is

1 rarity level higher than the lowest-rarity item they discarded. Starting items are considered common items for this purpose. The Hero can then reorganize their equipped items without spending an action. Forges do not get disabled after use.







In *Massive Darkness: Hellscape* each class comes with a unique set of components that changes gameplay and creates a unique and exclusive experience for each different class.

Each Class comes with 13 skill cards. During Setup, take all skill cards from your respective class and place them next to your Hero dashboard.





♦ WIZARD

Wizards are powerful spell casters who can twist the flow of magic to smite enemies with fire or frost, increase their defense, and even bend the fabric of time and space to their advantage.

Setup: Take the Spell Amulet and place it near your Hero dashboard. The amulet is divided into four quadrants, with each quadrant representing a different basic spell. Place the Ready marker in the center of the amulet pointed at the quadrant of your choice.

All of the Wizard's skills are upgrades to one of their four basic spells. Each time the Wizards gains a new skill (including their starting skill) place the skill card in a quadrant of your choice, replacing any previous ability that was there.

Gameplay: The Wizard's spells are strong, but the same spell cannot be cast in rapid succession without a great expenditure of mana. The Wizard can only cast the spell that the Ready marker on his amulet is pointing to. As soon as that spell is cast, the Ready marker rotates 90 degrees clockwise. The Wizard can force the Ready marker to rotate any time by spending 1 of his mana for each 90-degree rotation.

Each time the Wizard gains a new skill, it upgrades one of the quadrants on their amulet.

Special Note on Attack Spells: To receive the benefits of an attack spell, the Wizard must be equipped with a weapon that has a magic attack, such as a wand.







At the start of his turn, Mathrin's Spell Amulet is pointing at his first spell, which is "Fire Course I." He uses his first action to perform an attack against a mob of Undead and spends (*) (*) to trigger his attack spell, which adds (*) to his dice results and places a Fire token on his target (A). Mathrin must then rotate his amulet's Ready marker 90 degrees clockwise, pointing it at his Dark Magic I spell (B). Mathrin uses another action to cast his Dark Magic spell on himself, spending 2 Health tokens and 1 Mana to deal 3 Wounds to another enemy.



STEP 2

He again rotates the amulet's Ready marker 90 degrees clockwise, pointing it at his basic Move spell (C). Mathrin wants to attack the mob of Undead again, so he spends (*) from his pool to rotate the Ready marker 2 more quadrants so it's pointing at his attack spell (D), then he spends his final action for the round on the attack and uses (*) (*) to trigger Fire Course I.







Paladins are holy warriors who can boost their allies and themselves with auras and blessings. They are flexible Heroes who can serve as both a front line fighter and a support character.

Setup: Take the Paladin's dashboard and the 3 Aura tokens and place them on 3 Aura slots. Take the Paladin's Starting Skill card and place it under either the blue or green aura column on the Paladin dashboard. Choose a level 1 skill and place it under the blue or green column. (The red aura cannot be used until you unlock it with a skill card.)





Gameplay: During his turn, the Paladin may spend (*) to give themself or any ally an Aura token (placing it under the Hero's figure). This does not cost the Paladin an action. The Hero with the Aura token then receives all the benefits of the skill associated with that aura. A Hero can only have one aura at a time. The Paladin can remove an aura from a miniature at any time for no cost. If an aura is removed from a Hero, any blessed skills associated with that aura return to their normal state.

The Paladin may also bless their skills to temporarily increase their power in a moment of need. To bless a skill, the Paladin must spend (*) on their turn and flip the chosen skill card to the "blessed" side. Blessed skills stay blessed until the start of the next round.





Each time the Paladin gains a new skill, they must associate it with one of their auras. Each aura can have multiple skills associated with it, and the Paladin may rearrange their chosen skills amongst their auras each time they level up.



♦ BERSERKER

Berserker are fighters who excel at close combat. They benefit from being Wounded, and the more damage they take, the more powerful they become. The Berserker has 3 different stances that they can switch between in order to gain different benefits: The Blood Rage stance increases attack power, the Reckless stance gives them more mobility, and the Provoke stance draws monsters away from their allies to them while also making them harder to kill. Most of the Berserker skills improves the benefits they receive from a particular stance.

Setup: Place the Berserker's dashboard next to your Hero dashboard and place the Stance token on the stance in which you wish to start. After choosing your level 1 skill, place its card below its corresponding stance.

Gameplay: Every time the Berserker suffers damage, they may move any number of the Health tokens just lost to the Berserk Pool on the Berserker dashboard. Initially, the Berserk Pool can only hold 7 Health tokens, but this limit can be increased with skill cards. The Berserker may use the tokens in their Berserk Pool to trigger the ability that matches their current stance. Each stance begins with a minor ability that requires the Berserker to spend 1 token from their Berserk Pool to trigger. The Berserker can change their stance any time by spending 1 token from their Berserk Pool.

Note: Some game effects allow the Berserker to add tokens to the Berserk Pool without suffering any damage. In such cases, take Health tokens from the general supply and add them to the Berserk Pool.



Fatal: Fort I Level I BLOOD RAGE ATTACK: D =+ 0

At the start of her turn, Gheta has 4 Health tokens in her Berserk Pool, and she is in her Blood Rage stance.





She spends 1 token from her Berserk pool to switch her stance to Reckless (A), then spends another Health token to gain +1 movement points (B).





She moves a total of 3 Zones to a group of enemies, then spends a third Health token from her Berserk Pool to switch her stance back to Blood Rage (C), then she performs an attack action and spends her fourth and final token in her Berserk Pool to trigger Fatal Fury and get +1 yellow attack dice for that attack (D).





Rogues are cunning combatants equipped with a literal bag of tools and tricks that can give them a wide variety of bonuses. They can be very powerful but also unpredictable.

Setup: Take the Thieving Tools Bag and add the 10 starting Rogue tokens to it. Leave the other Rogue tokens aside; they may be added the Thieving Tools bag later depending on the skills you choose.

Gameplay: At the start of each round draw 3 Rogue tokens from the Thieving Tools Bag and place them face up on the table. Every time the Rogue performs an action, they must flip one of these tokens to its "used" side. If the token the Rogue flips matches the current action being taken, the Rogue receives that benefit immediately.



At the start of a new round, Feydra draws three Rogue tokens from her Thieving Tools Bag and gets the following:



She chooses to perform a movement action and flips one of her "+1MP" tokens and receives a total of 3 MP for that action.



Next, she chooses an attack action and flips the token that grants her +1 yellow die for that attack. She rolls all the dice she would normally roll for that attack, plus an additional yellow die from the Rogue token.



For her third action, Feydra attacks again and flips her last Rogue token, which is another "+1MP", but this time, she doesn't receive any benefit from the Rogue token because attack actions do not grant any movement points. After a Rogue token is flipped, it is set aside in a discard pile near the Thieving Tools Bag. If the Rogue must draw tokens and there aren't enough in the Thieving Tools Bag, return all of the discarded Thieving Tools tokens to the Rogue Bag and continue drawing.



Poison Tokens: One of the Rogue skill trees gives the Rogue the ability to poison enemies. When a Poison token is used to perform an attack, add the Poison token to the target monster. Every time the Poisoned Monster begins its activation, it suffers the effects of the poison. Poison effects are specified on Rogue skill cards. When a poisoned monster dies, place the poison token in the Rogue token discard pile.



Shadow Token: When the Rogue uses the Shadow token, they are considered to be in Shadow Mode for that action even if they are not standing in a shadow Zone.







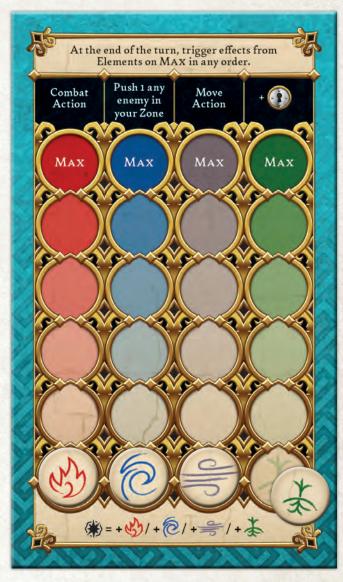


🔶 SHAMAN

Shamans are deeply attuned to nature and are able to channel the basic elements to create wondrous magic. The more connected they are to each element, the closer they are to tapping into its maximum possibilities.

Setup: Take the Elements dashboard and the 4 Element trackers and place each on the starting (bottommost) slot. After choosing your level 1 skill, place it next to the Elements dashboard.

Gameplay: During their turn, whenever Shamans roll (*) they can choose to either gain a Mana token or increase any Element tracker of their choice by 1; moving it upwards on the track. Shamans skills often require expenditure of the elements to be triggered, which is done by moving the Elements trackers down on the track. At the end of the Shaman's turn, they can trigger, in any order, any effects from Elements that have reached the MAX slot on the Elements dashboard.





Flame and Ice Spirits: The Flame and the Ice Spirits are allies that the Shaman can conjure by unlocking certain skill cards. Each has their own characteristics, listed on their cards. The Shaman can have 1 Spirit of each type on the Dungeon, represented by their tokens. While on the Dungeon, the Flame and the Ice Spirits count as a Hero with the same XP as the Shaman.



During the Shaman's turn, they may activate each Spirit once (the first activation does not cost an action) and may spend actions to activate them again. When activated, the Spirits can perform Combat or Movement actions. When performing a Movement action, each Spirit has a number of Movement Points listed on their card. Spirits can't Interact or Open Doors.

To Attack or Defend, refer to the information listed on the Spirit card. When the Flame or Ice Spirit is killed, return the token to the Shaman (they may be summoned again on a later turn).

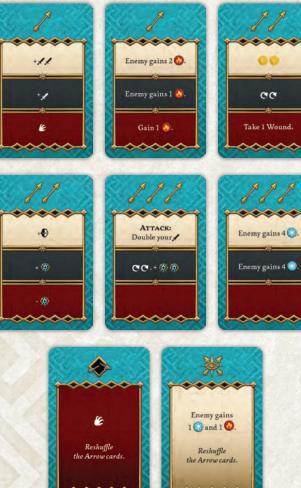






Rangers are fighters specially trained to shoot down enemies with precision and cleverness. These survivalists are deadly with bows and ranged weapons, and can strike fear into the hearts of the agents of Darkness. They carefully weight how much time and chance they put behind each shot.

Setup: Take the 12 Ranger Arrow cards, shuffle and place them facedown forming the Arrows deck next to the Hero dashboard. After choosing your level 1 skill, place its card below the Arrows deck.





Gameplay: The Ranger's Arrows deck represents the Ranger's careful aim and sense of timing and affect their Combat actions. Everytime the Ranger performs a Combat action, they reveal cards from the Arrows deck, one by one, forming a line next to the deck until they decide to stop or until 4 or more \checkmark are seen in the revealed cards.

After stopping, the Ranger applies effects to the Combat action based on how many \checkmark are present in the revealed cards:

If less than 4 \checkmark : a quick shot, the Ranger decided to stop revealing cards and applies the central effect of all revealed cards, shown in a dark grey bar.

If more than 4 \checkmark : the Ranger took too long or pushed their luck too far, and must apply the bottom effect of all the revealed cards, shown in a red bar.

If exactly 4 \checkmark : Bullseye! The Ranger hit precisely where they aimed, and apply the bullseye (topmost) effect of all the revealed cards, shown in a beige bar.

After the Combat action is resolved, discard all revealed Arrow cards. If the Arrow deck runs empty, shuffle the discarded Arrow cards to form a new Arrow deck.





WINNING OR LOSING THE GAME

In order to win the game players must achieve the objective specified in each quest. When the winning condition is met, the game ends immediately with the players being victorious.

Players lose if any losing condition is met or if they have to spend a Lifebringer token and none remain. See "Knocked Out" on page XX.



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